

Revision Test

Date: 30/01/26

Topic: Polynomials, Linear eqn. in two variables

F.M. - 16

Time: 40 minutes

<A> Choose the correct option :- ($1 \times 3 = 3$)

1) Which of the following is a solution of the equation $x + 2y = 7$?

(a) $x = 3, y = -5$

(c) $x = 0, y = 7$

(b) $x = 3, y = 5$

(d) $x = 3, y = 2$

2) The degree of the polynomial $3x^2(5x^3 - 4x + 7)$ is —

(a) 3

(b) 5

(c) 1

(d) 0

3) If $64x^2 - a = \left(8x + \frac{3}{4}\right)\left(8x - \frac{3}{4}\right)$, then the value of a is —

(a) $\frac{3}{2}$

(b) $-\frac{3}{4}$

(c) $\frac{9}{16}$

(d) $\frac{3}{4}$

 Assertion-Reason based questions :- ($1 \times 2 = 2$)

1) Assertion (A): 2 is a zero of the polynomial $p(x) = x^2 - 3x - 4$

Reason (R): Putting $x = 2$ in $p(x)$, we get $p(2) = -6$

2) Assertion (A): A linear equation in two variables has infinitely many solutions.

Reason (R): A linear equation in two variables should have non-zero coefficient for two variables.

<C> Short Answer Type Questions: $[3 \times 2 = 6]$

<1> If $a+b+c=5$ and $ab+bc+ca=10$, then prove that $a^3+b^3+c^3-3abc=-25$ (3)

<2> If $x=(2p+1)$ and $y=(p-1)$ is a solution of the linear equation $2x-3y+5=0$, find the value of p .

Also check whether $(-4, -1)$ is a solution of the equation or not. (2+1)

<D> Long Answer Type Question: [5]

i) Show that,

$$x^{18} - y^{18} = (x+y)(x^2-xy+y^2)(x-y)(x^2+xy+y^2) \times (x^6-x^3y^3+y^6)(x^6+x^3y^3+y^6)$$

ii) Prove that, $(x+1)$ is a factor of $(x^{99}+1)$. (3+2)